

Field Evaluation of Almond Rootstocks

Field Evaluation of Almond Rootstocks for Stanislaus County – Roger Duncan, UCCE Stanislaus County

Trial #1: Field Evaluation of Sixteen Rootstocks in an Unfumigated, Sandy Loam Replant Location

Trial specifics:

- Planted January, 2003
- 2nd generation orchard following nemaguard
- No pre-plant fumigation, fallowed one year
- Hanford sandy loam, pH ~ 6.8
- Flood irrigated with high quality district water

| The Influence of Rootstock on Leaf Nutrient Levels May 1, 2012 | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----|------|-----|-------|------|--------|--------|------|
| | N % | P % | K % | B ppm | Ca % | Zn ppm | Na ppm | Cl % |
| Nemaguard | 3.5 | 0.22 | 1.9 | 48 | 1.8 | 21 | 102 | 0.05 |
| Lovell | 3.4 | 0.22 | 1.9 | 46 | 1.7 | 24 | 78 | 0.04 |
| Guardian | 3.3 | 0.21 | 1.9 | 46 | 1.7 | 21 | 112 | 0.05 |
| Avimag | 3.4 | 0.21 | 2.3 | 50 | 2.0 | 27 | 96 | 0.04 |
| Empyrean 1 | 3.4 | 0.21 | 2.0 | 48 | 1.9 | 29 | 66 | 0.03 |
| Hansen | 3.3 | 0.23 | 2.2 | 50 | 2.4 | 32 | 82 | 0.03 |
| Nickels | 3.4 | 0.22 | 2.4 | 50 | 2.2 | 29 | 69 | 0.03 |
| Cornerstone | 3.3 | 0.22 | 2.4 | 46 | 2.2 | 27 | 106 | 0.03 |
| Paramount | 3.5 | 0.23 | 2.2 | 52 | 2.5 | 29 | 67 | 0.03 |
| Viking | 3.5 | 0.22 | 2.2 | 49 | 2.0 | 30 | 74 | 0.03 |
| Atlas | 3.5 | 0.22 | 2.3 | 54 | 1.8 | 25 | 95 | 0.04 |
| Krymsk 86 | 3.3 | 0.20 | 1.8 | 53 | 1.9 | 25 | 72 | 0.05 |
| Adesoto | 3.2 | 0.20 | 1.6 | 47 | 2.0 | 22 | 82 | 0.03 |
| Empyrean 2 | 3.3 | 0.20 | 1.4 | 46 | 2.2 | 30 | 81 | 0.11 |

General Conclusions After Eight Years

- In general, the peach x almond hybrid rootstocks are the most vigorous and plum rootstocks are the smallest while peach rootstocks are of intermediate size.
- Yield is directly related to tree size; the bigger the tree, the higher the yield.
- The exception: Atlas has consistently out-yielded Nemaguard, although the trees are of similar size.
- Smaller trees could be planted closer to increase yield, but it is doubtful that the plum rootstocks would ever produce yields similar to peach x almond hybrids at any spacing in this soil.
- P/A Hybrid rootstocks may perform better than Nemaguard in replant situations as long as ring nematode is not a problem.
- Hull split, and thus harvest, is delayed in the vigorous rootstocks and is earlier in the relatively weaker plum stocks

- In general, the peach x almond hybrid rootstocks had higher leaf calcium and the peach rootstocks the lowest.
- Empyrean 1, Paramount and Nickels had lowest sodium, but not Cornerstone (P/A hybrid)
- The plum rootstocks tended to have the lowest levels of potassium.
- Empyrean 2 (Penta) has significantly higher chloride levels.

Trial #2: Evaluation of plum & plum hybrid rootstocks on flood-irrigated, sandy soil infested with oak root fungus

cv. Butte & Padre

| Rootstocks Tested for Tolerance to Oak Root Fungus |
|--|
| Empyrean 2 |
| Krymsk 86 |
| Hiawatha |
| Ishrara |
| Marianna 40 |
| Marianna 26-24 |
| Nemaguard |
| Tera |
| Viking |

General Conclusions After Six Years

- Nemaguard & Viking are the largest trees.
- Krymsk 86, a peach x plum hybrid, is only slightly smaller than nemaguard with very little suckering.
- Marianna 40 is larger than Marianna 26-24, has higher yields and no suckers.
- Tetra and Hiawatha are too small and have too many suckers
- No symptoms of oak root fungus have shown as of yet in this trial.



Trial #3: Evaluation of Alternative Almond Rootstocks for the Westside of the North San Joaquin Valley

Roger Duncan & Brent Holtz

Trial specifics:

- Planted December 2011
- Planted in Westley area near Hwy 33 in Western Stanislaus County
- Soil type is Zacharias clay loam (pH 7.6) irrigated with blend of high pH ground water and district water tainted with significant levels of salt from tail water runoff.
- First generation almond orchard following decades of row crops, including melons and tomatoes (potential for Verticillium wilt).
- Trees were planted at a spacing of 16' x 20' (136 trees per acre)
- Test rootstocks include simple and complex hybrids of peach, almond, plum and apricot.
- Tree performance data, including tree size, yield, leaf nutrient analyses, disease incidence, etc. will be collected for several years, along with soil and water analyses.

| | |
|-------------------------|---|
| 1. Lovell | <i>P. persica</i> |
| 2. Nemaguard | <i>P. persica</i> |
| 3. Empyrean 1 | <i>P. persica</i> x <i>P. davidiana</i> |
| 4. Avimag | <i>P. persica</i> x <i>P. davidiana</i> |
| 5. HBOK 50 | Harrow blood x Okinawa peach |
| 6. Hansen | <i>P. dulcis</i> x <i>P. persica</i> |
| 7. Brights #5 | <i>P. dulcis</i> x <i>P. persica</i> |
| 8. BB 106 | <i>P. dulcis</i> x <i>P. persica</i> |
| 9. Paramount | <i>P. dulcis</i> x <i>P. persica</i> |
| 10. Flordaguard x Alnem | <i>P. persica</i> x Israeli bitter almond |
| 11. PAC9908-02 | (<i>P. dulcis</i> x <i>P. persica</i>) x <i>P. persica</i> |
| 12. HM2 + | Hansen (<i>P. dulcis</i> x <i>P. persica</i>) x Monegro (<i>P. dulcis</i> x <i>P. persica</i>) |
| 13. Viking | <i>P. persica</i> (Nemaguard) x (<i>P. dulcis</i> [Jordano] x [<i>P. bliereiana</i> = <i>P. cerasifera</i> x <i>P. armeniaca</i>]) |
| 14. Atlas | <i>P. persica</i> (Nemaguard) x (<i>P. dulcis</i> x <i>P. bliereiana</i>) |
| 15. Krymsk 86 | <i>P. cerasifera</i> x <i>P. persica</i> |
| 16. Rootpac R | almond x plum |

